



Feelings and Simple Comparisons

Name: _____

Class: _____

1. After the long hike on Lantau Island, Sam sat down and said he felt very _____.

- A. tired
- B. tiring
- C. tire
- D. tires

2. Lily opened her birthday present and jumped up and down. She was very _____ about the new storybooks.

- A. exciting
- B. excited
- C. excite
- D. excitement

3. Ken watched a ghost film at home alone. He felt _____ and did not want to turn off the lights.

- A. frightening
- B. frighten
- C. frightened
- D. fright

4. Mum promised to take us to Ocean Park, but she had to work. We all felt _____ about the cancelled trip.

- A. disappointing
- B. disappoint
- C. disappointment
- D. disappointed

5. The football match between two Hong Kong schools was very _____. Both teams played hard until the last minute.

- A. excited
- B. exciting
- C. excite
- D. excitement

6. I almost fell asleep during the lesson. The teacher's talk was so _____.

- A. bored
- B. bore
- C. boring
- D. bores

7. The fireworks show over Victoria Harbour last night was _____. Many people clapped and cheered.

- A. amazed
- B. amaze
- C. amazement
- D. amazing

8. Frank likes joke books. He says the stories are _____ and always make him laugh.

- A. amusing
- B. amused
- C. amuse
- D. amusement

9. May and Grace both wear blue school skirts and white shoes. Their school uniforms are _____.

- A. different
- B. similar
- C. samey
- D. opposite

10. Tom's lunchbox is red and round. Peter's lunchbox is green and square. Their lunchboxes are _____.

- A. similar
- B. same
- C. different
- D. alike

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Answers

1 A

Use an -ed adjective to describe how a person feels.

Sam is talking about his own feeling after the hike, so we need tired.

2 B

Use an -ed adjective to show how someone feels about something.

Lily feels happy and eager because of her presents, so she is excited.

3 C

An -ed adjective describes the feeling a person has.

Ken is scared by the film, so the correct word is frightened.

4 D

Use an -ed adjective for how people feel.

The children are sad because the trip is cancelled, so they feel disappointed.

5 B

Use an -ing adjective to describe the effect something has on our feelings.

The match makes people feel excited, so it is exciting.

6 C

An -ing adjective describes what causes a feeling.

The talk made the student feel bored, so the talk was boring.

7 D

Use an -ing adjective for the effect something has.

The show fills people with wonder, so it is amazing.

8 A

An -ing adjective describes what something is like and how it affects people.

The stories cause laughter, so they are amusing.

9 B

We use similar when two things are nearly the same.

May and Grace's uniforms look almost the same, so they are similar.

10 C

We use different when two things are not the same.

The lunchboxes have different colours and shapes, so they are different.